Our community is on a growing, changing path to greatness. It is up to us, the change-makers in the Triangle, to dive deeper into the real needs in our counties, and ensure great impact where it is needed. We invite you to learn along with us, and use these facts to stimulate a forward propelling conversation.

www.trianglecf.org    #whatmatters
The total population of the Triangle increased by 85% between 1990 and 2010.

What Matters

TRIANGLE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION
14 of every 100 North Carolinians called the Triangle home in 2010.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, Decennial Census of Population and Housing, 2010.
22% of North Carolina’s population growth from 1990 to 2010 was in the Triangle.

Projections show the Triangle adding 78 people per day from 2010 to 2020.

85% of the people projected to join the Triangle’s population by 2020 are likely to move to the area from other places in North Carolina, the United States, or the world.

Children of color accounted for 52% of all children under the age of five in the Triangle in 2010.

**Source:** U.S. Census Bureau, Decennial Census of Population & Housing, 2010.
1 of every four Triangle residents in 2010 was a child under the age of 18.

Approximately 9% of the Triangle’s residents in 2010 were ages 65 and older.

45% of the Triangle’s population in 2010 was between the ages of 25 and 54.

11% of Triangle residents in 2010 were of Hispanic or Latino ethnicity.

Median household income in the Triangle averaged $60,673 between 2011 and 2013.

When broken out by the race and ethnicity of the householder, the median income levels for different types of Triangle households averaged as follows between 2011 and 2013:

- Hispanic Households: $39,461
- Black or African American: $40,964
- All Households: $60,673
- White, Non–Hispanic: $72,935
- Asian: $78,417

An average of 5% of the Triangle’s labor force was unemployed between 2011 and 2013.

When broken out by race and ethnicity, unemployment rates for different groups of Triangle workers averaged as follows between 2011 and 2013:

Black or African American: 12.4%
Hispanic: 8.5%
White, Non–Hispanic: 5.6%
All: 5.1%
Asian: 4.9%

The **income** of the median Triangle family in 2013 exceeded the comparable statewide figure by 39%.

**Source:** U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey, One-Year Estimates, 2013.
An estimated 49% of Triangle adults (ages 25+) possessed at least a bachelor’s degree in 2013.

of public school students who entered the **9th grade** in 2009–10 graduated within **four years** of enrollment.

**Source:** Julien Alhour, 2012–13 North Carolina 4-Year Cohort Graduation Rate (Raleigh, N.C.: N.C. Department of Public Instruction, 2014).
Depending on the county, between 9-15% of Triangle adults lacked basic literacy skills in 2003.

55% of Triangle residents ages 18-24 were enrolled in a college or graduate school, on average, between 2011 and 2013.

What Matters

TRIANGLE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION
The published cost of attendance for a North Carolina resident at UNC-Chapel Hill and N.C. State University is equal roughly to 30% of the income of the median Triangle family.

If all the people residing in Triangle households that participated in the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program in September 2014 gathered in one place, they would form a county with more people than Orange County.

During school year 2012-13, some 40% of all public school students in the Triangle were enrolled in the free or reduced student lunch program.

On average, 18% of the Triangle’s non-elderly adult population (ages 18-64) lacked health insurance between 2011 and 2013.

An average of 18% of the Triangle’s children lived in poverty from 2011 to 2013.

What Matters

TRIANGLE COMMUNITY FOUNDATION
46% of all home renters in the Triangle spent, on average, at least 30% of their incomes on housing costs between 2009 and 2013.
